Comparison ?'s

- A. How many of the following organisms are Deuterostomes?
- B. Give the Letter(s) of all organism(s) with incomplete digestive systems.
- C. How many <u>phyla/classes</u> are represented here? Read Q's carefully

Compare traits and group Phyla when studying!!!

Quick Review

• Diploblastic - 2 Cell Layers

Triploblastic - 3 Cell Layers

Quick Review

Diploblastic - 2 Cell Layers
 Phylum Cnidaria

Triploblastic - 3 Cell Layers
 Phylum Platyhelminthes
 onward...

Level of Organization

Cellular

Tissue

Organ

Level of Body Organization

Cell (multi) - Phylum Porifera

Tissue - Phylum Cnidaria

Organ - Phylum Platyhelminthes onward...

Symmetry

Radia Where do we first see this?

Bilateral And this?

Pentaradial And this?

Symmetry

Radial Phylum Cnidaria

Bilateral Phylum Platyhelminthes onward...

Pentaradial Phylum Echinodermata

exceptHolothuroidea which are secondarily bilaterally symmetrical

Digestive Systems

Incomplete (No anus)

Can you name 2 phyla?

Complete (Have an anus)

Can you name 2 phyla?

Digestive Systems

Incomplete (No anus)

Phylum Cnidaria

Phylum Platyhelminthes

Complete (Have an anus)

Phylum Nemertina onward...

(no anus in C. Ophiuroidea!)

Body Cavity

Acoelomates

2 phyla

Phylum **Platyhelminthes**Phylum **Nemertina**

Pseudocoelomates

2 phyla

Phylum **Nematoda** Phylum **Rotifera**

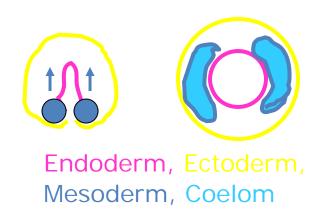
(Eu) Coelomates

6 phlya

Phylum **Ectoprocta**Phylum **Annelida**Phylum **Arthropoda**Phylum **Mollusca**Phylum **Echinodermata**Phylum **Chordata**

Coelom Development

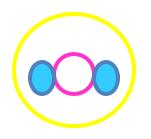
Schizocoelous (EAMA)



Phylum Ectoprocta
Phylum Annelida
Phylum Mollusca
Phylum Arthropoda

Enterocoelous





Phylum **Echinodermata**Phylum **Chordata**

Protostomes

Some lit. includes Platyhelminthes & psuedocoelomates but we shall begin protostomes at eucoelomates for the purposes of this course.

Protostomes, and Spiral cleavage, Schizocoelous, Determinate

E

"PasseD it!" (EAMA)

M

A

Phylum Ectoprocta

Phylum Annelida

Phylum Mollusca

Phylum Arthropoda

Deuterostomes

Radial cleavage, Enterocoelous Deuterostomes, Indeterminate

"REDI" for anything!

Phylum Echinodermata
Phylum Chordata

Study Ideas

Make lists of structures for common purposes, and learn which organisms posses which them:

- e.g. Book lungs, book gills, trachea, spiracles papulae, lungs & gills.
- e.g. Malpighian tubules, renette glands, protonephridia, lames cells/bulbs etc....
- e.g. Statoblasts, gemmules, cryptobiotic eggs

Be able to define

these terms and identify organisms that illustrate them

Cephalization

Tagmatization

Serial Homology

Torsion

Ecdysis

Metamerizism

Homology

Polymorphism

Detorsion

Syncytial

This list is not exhaustive....add to it yourself!

Memory tip!

 Learn the exceptions to the rules, the oddities (I love to test on those!)

Make sure you understand why they are tricky though

Fire coral is NOT a coral....it has a medusa

Turbellaria is the only free-living class in Platyhelminthes; other two are parasitic

Ophiuroidea - no anus, tube feet plated & not for locomotion

Holothuroidea - secondary bilateral symmetry

Good Luck!

from the entire lab team:

Tim Swain (Honcho)

Stephanie Martin, Allison Mordas Lisa Hollensead, Paul Gignac, Neil Achliman, Kenny Wray

& me!